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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/580,289	05/24/2006	Doron Tam	66599-0005	5837
	7590 04/23/200 MAN & GRAUER PLI	EXAMINER		
39533 WOODV	WARD AVENUE	_~	RANDALL, JR., KELVIN L	
SUITE 140 BLOOMFIELD HILLS, MI 48304-0610		0	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	,		4174	
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			04/23/2008	PAPER

# Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)			
	10/580,289	TAM ET AL.			
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit			
	Kelvin L. Randall, JR.	4174			
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address			
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earmed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	lely filed the mailing date of this communication. (35 U.S.C. § 133).			
Status					
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>05/24</u> This action is <b>FINAL</b> . 2b) ☑ This      Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro				
Disposition of Claims					
4) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdray  5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6) Claim(s) 1-25 is/are rejected.  7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or  Application Papers  9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	vn from consideration.  r election requirement. r.	ov the Eveniner			
<ul> <li>10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on 24 May 2006 is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.         Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).         Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).</li> <li>11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.</li> </ul>					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119					
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some * c) None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>					
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)  Paper No(s)/Mail Date 05/24/2006.	4) Interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ite			

Art Unit: 4174

#### **DETAILED ACTION**

## **Drawings**

1. The drawings are objected to as failing to comply with 37 CFR 1.84(p) (4) because reference character 29 has been used to designate both Pins – (page 7 lines 22 and 24, and page 9 lines 10, 25, and 26) and Guides - (page 7 lines 18 and 19 and page 10 lines 6 and 7). Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

2. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

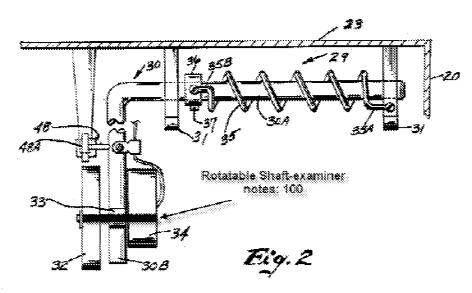
(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

3. Claims 1-6, 10-16, and 19-23 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as being anticipated by S.S. Brenner (3,503,481, hereinafter Brenner).

Art Unit: 4174

#### Re Claim 1:

Brenner teaches device for dispensing a bag from a stack of bags (15, col. 3 lines 42-45), the device comprising: a plate (25) having a frame (16); a rotatable shaft coupled to said frame (100- as seen in examiner's drawings); at least one roller ( wheel 32) non-rotatably affixed to said shaft and arranged to engage a bag (10) of the stack of bags; means for rotating said shaft (motor 34) (col. 4 lines 15-32); and means for automatically stopping rotation of said shaft after a single bag has been dispensed (switch 42 col. 5 lines 47-53), wherein the stack of bags is held against one side of said plate (25), and said single bag is dispensed to an opposite side of said plate (26) (col. 3 lines 47-70) (It should be noted that when reference teaches of motor means connected to wheel, it also includes examiner's said shaft).



Re Claim 2:

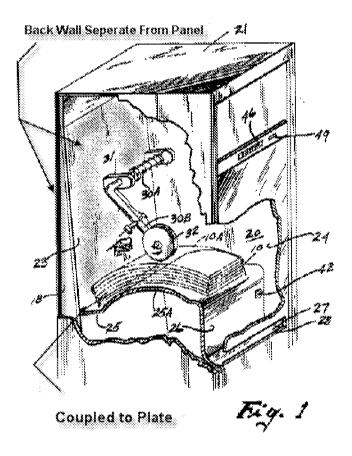
Brenner teaches wherein said rotatable shaft (100) is mounted on said frame (16 and 23- all considered part of frame) (col. 4 lines 20-23) and further comprising a bag

Art Unit: 4174

retaining element (hump 25A) coupled to said plate for pressing the stack of bags against said at least one roller (col. 3 lines 53-65).

## Re Claim 3:

Brenner teaches wherein said rotatable shaft (100) is mounted on a bag retaining element (back wall 23) coupled to said plate for pressing the stack of bags against said rollers (col. 3 lines 45-65) (examiner notes that back wall 23 is separate from back panel 18 and is coupled to the plate which assists in pressing the stack of bags against the roller).



Re Claim 4:

Application/Control Number: 10/580,289

Art Unit: 4174

Brenner teaches wherein said means for automatically stopping includes a dispensed

Page 5

bag detector (switch 42) adapted to stop rotation of said shaft in response to detection

of a dispensed bag (col. 5 lines 48-52).

Re Claim 5:

Brenner teaches wherein said rotating means includes: a motor (motor means 34); and

a transmission (motor means 34); coupling said motor to said rotatable shaft such that

said motor drives said shaft (col. 4 lines 29-31).

Re Claim 6:

Brenner teaches wherein said means for stopping includes a dispensed bag detector

(switch 42) coupled to said motor (motor means 34) and adapted to stop rotation of said

motor in response to detection era dispensed bag (col. 5 lines 48-52).

Re Claim 10:

Brenner teaches wherein said bag retaining element (combination of hump 25A, wheel

32, and carrier 30-30B) includes a bag-retaining bar (carrier 30-30B) for engaging and

retaining said stack of bags (10) against said at least one roller (32) before and during

dispensing (col. 3 lines 57-65 and col. 4 lines 20-32).

Re Claim 11:

Application/Control Number: 10/580,289

Art Unit: 4174

Brenner teaches wherein said bag-retaining bar is coupled to an arm pivotally coupled

Page 6

to said plate (examiner notes that carrier 30-30B are connected to 30A which is

connected to the back wall 23 which is also considered part of the plate along with 25,

25A, and 26) (see Fig. 1).

Re Claim 12

Brenner teaches further comprising a housing (16) in which the device is mounted, said

housing including an opening (28) adjacent said opposite side of the plate for removal of

a dispensed bag (col. 3 lines 42-70).

Re Claim 13:

Brenner teaches a display (legend 46) on the outside of the housing (16) (col. 4 lines

69-73).

Re Claim 14:

Brenner teaches wherein said display includes a frame (16) (see Fig. 1, display integral

with frame).

Re Claim 15:

Brenner teaches wherein said display includes a light box (45) (col. 4 lines 69-73).

Re Claim 16:

Brenner teaches wherein said display includes an electronic display (45 and 46)

coupled to a controller (circuit 39) (col. 4 lines 69-75).

Application/Control Number: 10/580,289

Art Unit: 4174

Re Claim 19:

Brenner teaches further comprising an elongate guide (25A) mounted adjacent said

Page 7

rollers to guide dispensed bags away from the rollers (examiner notes that hump 25A

also serves as a guide to allow for both non slipping and dispensing of the bags in a pre

determined position so as to follow a specific trail) (see Fig. 1).

Re Claim 20:

Brenner teaches method for dispensing a bag from a stack of bags, the method

comprising: holding a stack of bags against at least one roller (32) non-rotatably affixed

to a rotatable shaft (100) coupled to a plate (25) having a frame (16); dispensing one

bag from said stack of bags (10) to an opposite side of said plate from said stack of

bags by rotating said rotatable shaft (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2); and automatically stopping

rotation of said shaft after dispensing a single bag (col. 5 lines 47-53).

Re Claim 21:

Brenner teaches wherein said step of automatically stopping includes detecting

presence of a bag (10A) adjacent a dispensed bag detector (42); and stopping rotation

of said shaft in response thereto (col. 5 lines 47-53).

Re Claim 22:

Art Unit: 4174

Brenner teaches drivingly coupling a motor (34) to said rotatable shaft (100), such that actuation of said motor cause said rotatable shaft to rotate; and causing said plurality of rollers (32-whell can consist of any number so long as not to impair scope of invention) to engage an outermost bag in said stack of bags, such that rotation of said rotatable shaft causes said rollers to remove said outermost bag from said stack of bags (col. 4 lines 15-53).

Re Claim 23:

Brenner teaches wherein said step of automatically stopping includes automatically stopping said motor in response to dispensing a single bag from the stack (col. 5 lines 47-53).

### Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. Claims 7, 8, and 25 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brenner in view of J. C. Perrin (1,913,722, hereinafter Perrin).

Re Claim 7, 8 and 25:

Brenner teaches a device for dispensing a bag from a stack of bags using an automatic means, but fails to teach the device using a manual means such as a handle.

Perrin teaches wherein said means for rotating includes manual means for rotating said shaft (see Fig. 1 and Fig. 2). Re Claim 8: Perrin teaches said manual means being a handle (46). Re Claim 25: Perrin teaches further comprising drivingly coupling a manual rotation means to said rotatable shaft, such that actuation of said manual rotation means rotates said shaft (happens when you turn handle). It would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify the invention as taught in Brenner's disclosure with that of Perrin's by way of commonality in dispensing techniques and both introducing a technique for dispensing sheet like materials. It should also be noted that handles have been around for a long time and are a common use for rotating a shaft about a fixed axis.

6. Claim 9 and 24 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brenner in view of Varichon et al. (6,006,495, hereinafter Varichon).

Brenner teaches a device for dispensing a bag from a stack of bags with a rotatable shaft coupled to said frame, but fails to teach of a second rotatable shaft mounted parallel to said rotatable shaft on an extension of said frame.

Varichon teaches a second rotatable shaft (11 and 21) mounted parallel to said rotatable shaft on an extension (4) of said frame (col. 2 line 52); at least one roller non-rotatably affixed to said second shaft (see Fig. 1); wherein each roller on said rotatable shaft is coupled to a roller on said second shaft (see Fig. 4), whereby rotation of said rotatable shaft causes concomitant rotation of said second shaft (col. 3 lines 64-col 4 line 4). Therefore, it would have been obvious to combine the two inventions on the

Art Unit: 4174

idea that they both show a form of bag dispenser using a form of roller and shaft combination. Using Varichon's unique disclosure with that of Brenner's would not hinder the scope of the invention and would allow for the same principal goal of dispensing the bags to be met.

7. Claims 17 and 18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Brenner in view of Dumont (5,641,039 hereinafter, Dumont).

Re Claim 17 and 18:

Brenner teaches a bag dispensing device which is located within a store and uses multiple signals to verify multiple sources of information, but fails to teach of a particular signal coupled to a central store computer or cash register.

Dumont teaches wherein said controller is coupled to a central store computer (35). Re Claim 18: Dumont teaches further comprising a controller for controlling said device, and an electronic connection for coupling said controller to a cash register (35) for communication therewith (see Summary of the Invention). Therefore, it would have been obvious for one of ordinary skill in the art to modify Brenner's invention with that of Dumont's due to the fact that they are both bag dispenser located within a general store environment and with today's modern advancements in technology it would be clear to convert a typical coin dispenser, which intention is to monitor a dispensing means, with a newer mechanism for monitoring, such as a computer or likewise cash register. Also,

Art Unit: 4174

Brenner displays forms of signals and controllers within his disclosure which show a general idea of relaying and receiving signals for dispensing purposes.

#### Conclusion

8. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. FEUSTEL (DE 4,034,863 A1-shows a disclosure closely related to applicants disclosure and embodies a dispenser within housing with rollers rotatably mounted to a handle which pivots). Stanley Brenner (3,586,207-shows another disclosure with a dispenser within a housing and a rotation device for dispensing). David Allen Hendricks (4,032,038- a form of bag dispenser). Ifkovits; Edward M. (5,249,787-type of dispenser). Nakagawa et al. (5,833,230- type of dispenser). White et al. (2004/0,082,454- computer controlled dispensing device). Smith et al. (5,890,344-sheet dispenser). Hanson (3,754,370-bags dispensed by roller). Daniels (4,802,606-handle feature). Charest (3,685,691-another handle feature). Schafer (5,492,398-Dispensed by rollers through opening). Toner (4,912,906-store bagging system). Denen et al. (2002/0,017,578 A1-dispenser). Cappi et al. (5,167,301-type of store dispenser).

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Kelvin L. Randall, JR. whose telephone number is

Art Unit: 4174

(571)270-5373. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday 8:30 AM to 5:00 PM EST.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Kimberly Nguyen can be reached on (571)272-2402. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/ K. L. R. / Examiner, Art Unit 4174

/Kimberly D Nguyen/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 4174